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INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF WOMEN IN SCIENCE,
TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND MATHEMATICS AND
MEETING OF ASIA-PACIFIC NATIONS NETWORK

JUNE 29-JULY 1, 2023

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APNN 2023
SDG - WOMEN
PARTICIPATION

WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN MONGOLIAN SOCIETY IN THE XX AND XXI CENTURIES

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Summary of Presentation

Mongolian women have traditionally had higher degree of social positions and autonomy than women in the societies of Asia. Because in the severe continental climate of the Central Asia, there was little opportunity to manage the gender differences between the sexes in a precise order in daily life when they moved from one pasture to another one with her families in one or two yurts as nomadic herders.

As in all traditional societies, Mongolian women had less rights and freedoms than men in the society, but like in some countries of the Middle east, women were not objects, subordinate person.

After national democratic revolution in 1921, the subordination from man to a woman in Mongolia came to end as a Based on historical facts, it will be told about how Mongolian women's role in society improved during this historical period, and what role they have today. Also, the issues facing Mongolian women today, which have not yet been fully resolved, will be raised.in socialist country. Mongolian People's Republic is, which existed between 1924 and 1992 as a unitary sovereign socialist state in East Asia. As a socialist state, in the period Mongolian women obtained de jure equal rights. They had universal participation in all level education. Mongolian women were able to vote by the first Constitution of Mongolia. In 1985, women students in higher educational establishments became higher than men students. During the time, there were women workers more than male. Despite having formal legal equality, as in other socialist states, women remained de facto subordinate to men. After Democratic movement in 1990, more women become more active participants in the political system. Despite women's activity participation in politics, there are few women at the top still. Based on historical facts, it will be told about how Mongolian women's role in society improved during this historical period, and what role they have today. Also, the issues facing Mongolian women today, which have not yet been fully resolved, will be raised.